

COUNTY OF SANTA CRUZ

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

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Photovoltaic Inspection Guide for One and Two-Family Dwellings

SECTION 1: Field Inspection Guide for Rooftop Photovoltaic (PV) Systems

Make sure all PV system AC/DC disconnects and circuit breakers are in the open position and verify the following.

- 1. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner (CEC 110.12).
- 2. PV module model number, quantity and location according to the approved plan.
- 3. Array mounting system and structural connections according to the approved plan.
- 4. Roof penetrations flashed/sealed according to the approved plan.
- 5. Array exposed conductors are properly secured, supported and routed to prevent physical damage.
- 6. Conduit installation according to CRC R331.3 and CEC 690.31(G).
- 7. Firefighter access according to approved plan.
- 8. Roof-mounted PV systems have the required fire classification (CBC 1505.9 or CRC R902.4).
- 9. Grounding/bonding of rack and modules according to the manufacturer's installation instructions that are approved and listed.
- 10. Equipment installed, listed and labeled according to the approved plan (e.g., PV modules, DC/DC converters, combiners, inverters, disconnects, load centers and electrical service equipment).
- 11. For grid-connected systems, inverter is marked "utility interactive."
- 12. For ungrounded photovoltaic systems, installation complies with CEC 690.35 requirements.
- 13. Conductors, cables and conduit types, sizes and markings according to the approved plan.
- 14. Overcurrent devices are the type and size according to the approved plan.
- 15. Disconnects according to the approved plan and properly located as required by the CEC.
- 16. Inverter output circuit breaker is located at opposite end of bus from utility supply at load center and/or service panelboard (not required if the sum of the inverter and utility supply circuit breakers is less than or equal to the panelboard bus rating).
- 17. PV system markings, labels and signs according to the approved plan.
- 18. Connection of the PV system to the grounding electrode system according to the approved plan.
- 19. Access and working space for operation and maintenance of PV equipment such as inverters, disconnecting means and panelboards (not required for PV modules) (CEC 110.26).

SECTION 2: Comprehensive Inspection Reference

GENERAL

- 1. Module manufacturer, make, model and number of modules match the approved plans. (CBC 107.4)
- DC PV modules are listed to UL 1703. AC modules are listed to UL 1703 and UL 1741. (CEC 110.3(B), 690.4 & CBC 1509.7.4 & CRC R908.1.5)
- 3. Modules are attached to the mounting structure according to the manufacturer's instructions and the approved plans. (CEC 110.3[B], CBC 107.4 & CRC R908.1.4)
- 4. Roof penetrations/attachments are properly flashed. (CBC Chapter 15 & CRC Chapter 9)
- 5. Rooftop systems are designed in accordance with (CBC 1509.7 & CRC R908.1)
- 6. Roof access points, paths and clearances need to comply with the CFC. (CFC 605.11.3.1 605.11.3.3.3, CRC R331.4.1 through R331.4.2.4)
- 7. PV installation shall comply with requirements of the standard plan.
- 8. PV system operating at 80 volts or greater shall be protected by a listed DC arc fault protection. (CEC 690.11)
- 9. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner. (CEC 110.12)

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

PV Array Configuration

- 10. DC modules are properly marked and labeled. (CEC 110.3, 690.4[D] & 690.51)
- 11. AC modules are properly marked and labeled. (CEC 110.3, 690.4[D] & 690.52)
- 12. PV modules are in good condition (i.e., no broken glass or cells, no discoloration, frames not damaged, etc.). (CEC 110.12[B])
- 13. Residential one and two family dwelling limited to maximum PV system voltage of 600 volts. (CEC 690.7(C)

Bonding and grounding

- 14. A complete grounding electrode system is installed. (CEC 690.47[A][B]&(C))
- 15. Modules are bonded and grounded in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, that are listed and approved, using the supplied hardware or listed equipment specified in the instructions and identified for the environment. (CEC 690.43 & 110.3[B])
- 16. Racking systems are bonded and grounded in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, that are listed and approved, using the supplied hardware or listed equipment specified in the instructions and identified for the environment. (CEC 690.43 & 110.3[B])
- 17. Properly sized equipment grounding conductor is routed with the circuit conductors. (CEC 690.45, 250.134[B] & 300.3[B])
- 18. AC and DC grounding electrode conductors are properly connected as required by code. Separate electrodes, if used, are bonded together. (CEC 690.47, 250.50 & 250.58)

- 19. Bonding fittings are used on concentric/eccentric knockouts with metal conduits for circuits over 250 volts. (CEC 250.97) (see also exceptions 1 through 4)
- 20. Bonding fittings are used for ferrous metal conduits enclosing grounding electrode conductors. (CEC 250.64[E])

PV Source/output Circuit Conductor Management

- 21. Cables are secured by staples, cable ties, straps, hangers or similar fittings at intervals that do not exceed 4.5 feet. (CEC 334.30)
- 22. Cables are secured within 12 inches of each box, cabinet, conduit body or other termination. (CEC 334.30)
- 23. Cable closely follows the surface of the building finish or of the running boards. (CEC 690.31 & CFC 605.11.2 & CRC R331.3) NOTE: see Section 12 below for additional requirements on routing of conductors for fire fighter safety concerns.
- 24. Exposed single conductors, where subject to physical damage, are protected. (CEC 230.50[B] & 300.5[D])
- 25. Exposed single conductors used for ungrounded systems are listed and identified as "PV wire." (CEC 690.35[D][3]) For other conductor requirements for ungrounded systems, see CEC 690.35(D).

Conductors

- 26. Exposed single conductor wiring is a 90°C, wet rated and sunlight resistant type USE-2 or approved/listed PV wire. (CEC 690.31(C)(1) & 110.2) If the wiring is in a conduit, it is 90°C, wet rated type RHW-2, THWN-2, or XHHW-2. (CEC 310.10)
- 27. Conductor insulation is rated at 90°C to allow for operation at 75°C+ near modules. (CEC 310.15)
- 28. Grounded conductor is identified white or gray. (CEC 200.6)
- 29. Open conductors are supported, secured and protected. (CEC 338.12[A][3] & 334.30)
- 30. Conductors are not in contact with the roof surface. (CEC 334.30)
- 31. DC conductors inside a building are in a metal raceway or MC metal-clad cable that complies with 250.118(10), or metal enclosures. (CEC 690.31[E])
- 32. DC wiring methods shall not be installed within 25cm (10") of the roof decking or sheathing except where directly below the roof surface covered by the PV modules and associated equipment. (CEC 690.31[E][1])
- 33. If more than one nominal voltage system conductor is installed in the raceway, permanent identification and labeling is required. (CEC 200.6[D] & 210.5[C])
- 34. For underground conductor installations, the burial depth is appropriate and warning tape is in place. (CEC 300.5[D][3] & Table 300.5)
- 35. Aluminum is not placed in direct contact with concrete. (CEC 250.120[B] & 110.11)
- 36. PV circuit and premises wiring is separated. (CEC 690.4[B])
- 37. PV system conductors shall be grouped and identified. (CEC 690.4[B])

Overcurrent Protection

- 38. Overcurrent protection devices (OCPD) in the DC circuits are listed for DC operation. (CEC 110.3[A], [B] & 690.9[D])
- 39. Overcurrent protection devices shall be provided per the approved plans. (CEC690.9[A])
- 40. Combiner box is listed to UL 1741.
- 41. PV output OCPD is located at the opposite end of the bus from the feeder connection, unless otherwise approved. (CEC 705.12[D][7])

Electrical Connections

- 42. Crimp terminals are listed and installed using a listed tool specified for use in crimping those specific crimps. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.14)
- 43. Pressure terminals are listed for the environment and tightened to manufacturer recommended torque specifications. (CEC 110.11, 110.3[B] & 110.14)
- 44. Connectors are listed for the voltage of the system and have appropriate temperature and ampere ratings. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.14)
- 45. Twist-on wire connectors are listed for the environment (i.e., wet, damp, direct burial, etc.) and installed per manufacturer's instructions. (CEC 110.11, 110.3[B], 110.14 & 300.5[B])
- 46. Power distribution blocks are listed. (CEC 690.4 & 2011 NEC 314.28[E])
- 47. Terminals containing more than one conductor are listed for multiple conductors. (CEC 110.14[A] & 110.3[B])
- 48. Connectors and terminals used other than class B and C stranded conductors (fine stranded conductors) are listed and identified for use with specific conductor class or classes.. (CEC 110.14[A] & 110.3[B])
- 49. Connectors that are readily accessible and operating at over 30 volts require a tool for opening. (CEC 690.33[C])
- 50. All connectors are fully engages, tight and secure. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.12)
- 51. Wiring and connections of inverters, PV source circuits, etc., and all interconnections are performed by qualified personnel. (CEC 690.4[E])

Disconnects

- 52. Disconnects used in DC circuits are listed for DC operation and located as allowed by the AHJ. (CEC 110.3)
- 53. Disconnects are installed for all current carrying conductors of the PV source. (CEC 690.13 690.14 & 690.35)
- 54. Disconnects are installed for the PV equipment. NOTE: For inverters and other equipment that are energized from more than one source, the disconnecting means must be grouped and identified per AHJ's requirements. (CEC 690.15)
- 55. Disconnects and overcurrent protection are installed for all ungrounded conductors in ungrounded PV power systems. (CEC 240.15 & 690.35)
- 56. Where connectors are used as disconnecting means, they shall be used in accordance with CEC 690.33.E (CEC 690.33.E & 690.17)

Inverters

- 57. Inverters are listed to UL 1741. (CEC 690.4[D]) NOTE: grid-tied system inverters need to be identified for use in interactive power systems.
- 58. Point of connection is at a dedicated breaker or disconnect. (CEC 705.12[D][1])
- 59. Where a back-fed breaker is used as a utility interconnection means, the breaker is not marked "line and load." (CEC 110.3[B], 705.12[D][5])
- 60. Listed AC and DC disconnects and overcurrent protection are grouped and identified. (CEC 690.15)
- 61. No multiwire branch circuits are installed where single 120-volt inverters are connected to 120/240-volt load centers. (CEC 690.10[C])
- 62. The barrier is reinstalled between the AC, DC wiring and communication wires. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.27)

Signs and Labels

- 63. All interior and exterior DC conduit, enclosures, raceways, cable assemblies, junction boxes, combiner boxes and disconnects are marked. (CFC 605.11.1, CEC 690.31[E][3], CEC 690.31[E][4], 690.17 & 690.53 & CRC R331.2)
- 64. The markings on the conduits, raceways and cable assemblies are every 10 feet, within one foot of all turns or bends and within one foot above and below all penetrations of roof/ceiling assemblies, walls and barriers. (CFC 605.11.1.4, CRC R331.2.4, CEC 690.31[E][3] & CEC 690.31[E][4])
- 65. Marking is placed adjacent to the main service disconnect in a location clearly visible from where the disconnect is operated. (CFC 605.11.1.3 & CRC R331.2.3)
- 66. The markings say "WARNING: PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE" and have 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) minimum-sized white letters on a red background. The signs are made of reflective weather resistant material. (CFC 605.11.1.1, 605.11.1.2& CRC R331.2.1 R331.2.2 & CEC 690.31[E)][3] & 690.31[E)[4])
- 67. Where PV circuits are embedded in built-up, laminate or membrane roofing materials in roof areas not covered by PV modules and associated equipment, the location of circuits shall be clearly marked. (CEC 690.4[F])
- 68. Required labels shall be permanent and suitable for the environment. The following labels are required as applicable.